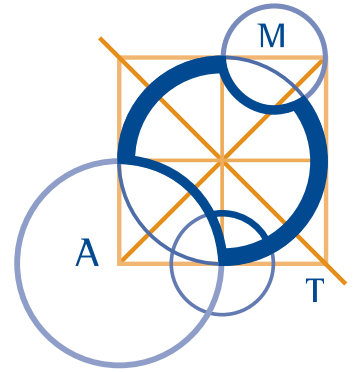


AUSTRALIAN MATHEMATICS COMPETITION

AN ACTIVITY OF THE AUSTRALIAN MATHEMATICS TRUST



THURSDAY 5 AUGUST 2010

MIDDLE PRIMARY DIVISION COMPETITION PAPER

AUSTRALIAN SCHOOL YEARS 3 AND 4

TIME ALLOWED: 60 MINUTES

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

GENERAL

1. Do not open the booklet until told to do so by your teacher.
2. You may use any teaching aids normally available in your classroom, such as MAB blocks, counters, currency, calculators, play money etc. You are allowed to work on scrap paper and teachers may explain the meaning of words in the paper.
3. Diagrams are NOT drawn to scale. They are intended only as aids.
4. There are 25 multiple-choice questions, each with 5 possible answers given and 5 questions that require a whole number answer between 0 and 999. The questions generally get harder as you work through the paper. There is no penalty for an incorrect response.
5. This is a competition not a test; do not expect to answer all questions. You are only competing against your own year in your own State or Region so different years doing the same paper are not compared.
6. Read the instructions on the **Answer Sheet** carefully. Ensure your name, school name and school year are filled in. It is your responsibility that the Answer Sheet is correctly coded.
7. When your teacher gives the signal, begin working on the problems.

THE ANSWER SHEET

1. Use only lead pencil.
2. Record your answers on the reverse of the Answer Sheet (not on the question paper) by FULLY colouring the circle matching your answer.
3. Your Answer Sheet will be read by a machine. The machine will see all markings even if they are in the wrong places, so please be careful not to doodle or write anything extra on the Answer Sheet. If you want to change an answer or remove any marks, use a plastic eraser and be sure to remove all marks and smudges.

INTEGRITY OF THE COMPETITION

The AMC reserves the right to re-examine students before deciding whether to grant official status to their score.

Middle Primary Division

Questions 1 to 10, 3 marks each

1. Which number is $1 + 10 + 100 + 1000$?

- (A) 1111 (B) 11 111 (C) 1110 (D) 1010 (E) 10 111
-

2. Which number is halfway between 600 and 700?

- (A) 550 (B) 645 (C) 650 (D) 655 (E) 700
-

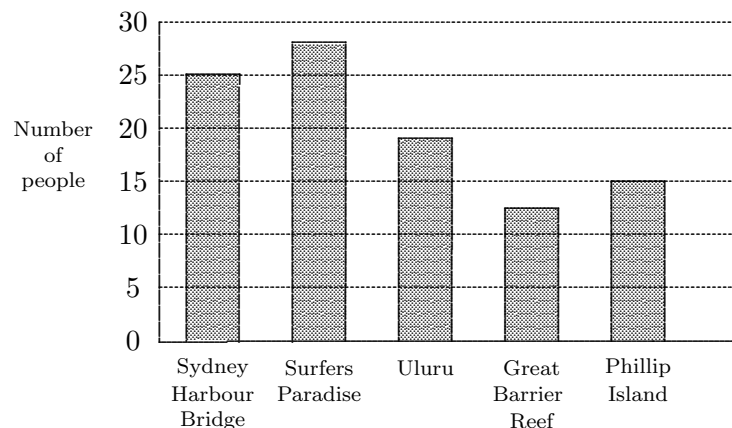
3. Greg starts at the square with the symbol * in it. He moves two squares up and one square to the right. Which symbol is in the square where he finishes?

- (A) ♡ (B) ∞ (C) ⊗
(D) △ (E) □

	♡	∞	⊗	◇
∞	△		□	▽
▽		*		⊗
◇	◇		♡	△
♡	△	∞	◇	

4. 100 people were asked to name their favourite place to visit in Australia. Their five favourite places were:

Favourite Places in Australia



How many more people voted for Sydney Harbour Bridge than for Phillip Island?

- (A) 40 (B) 20 (C) 10 (D) 5 (E) 7
-

5. A water tank has 56 L of water in it. If 28 L of water are added, how much water will be in the tank?

(A) 84 L (B) 56 L (C) 28 L (D) 76 L (E) 78 L

6. What is one thousand and twenty-seven in numerals?

(A) 100 027 (B) 10 027 (C) 1027 (D) 127 (E) 27

7. The following tally was made by a Year 4 class about the pets they had at home.

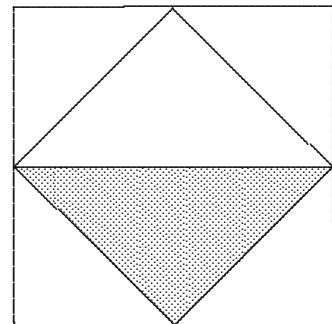
Pet	Tally
Dog	
Cat	
Bird	
Mouse	
Fish	

Which one of the following statements is correct?

- (A) There were more birds than fish.
(B) There were more dogs than cats.
(C) The class had 30 pets altogether.
(D) The least popular pet was a bird.
(E) The most popular pet was a cat.

8. The midpoints of the sides of a square are joined as shown. A part of the original square is shaded as shown. What fraction of the original square is shaded?

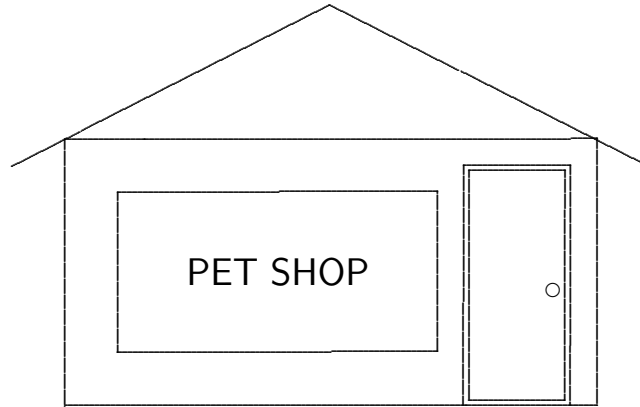
(A) $\frac{1}{4}$ (B) $\frac{1}{6}$ (C) $\frac{2}{3}$
(D) $\frac{1}{3}$ (E) $\frac{1}{5}$



9. What change should you receive from \$5 after buying three 55c stamps?

- (A) \$1.65 (B) \$2.35 (C) \$2.45 (D) \$3.35 (E) \$3.45

10. Jillian is standing inside a pet shop and looking out the window shown in the diagram.



What does she see?

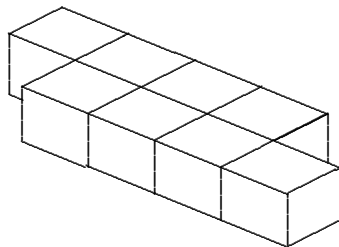
- (A) POHS TEP (B) POH2 TEP (C) TEP 9OH2
(D) POH2 TEP (E) 9OH2 TEP

Questions 11 to 20, 4 marks each

11. I read my book from a quarter to ten until half past eleven. How long did I read for?

- (A) 45 min (B) 1.5 hr (C) 1 hr 45 min
(D) 2 hr 15 min (E) 2 hr 45 min

12. Eight blocks are glued together as shown.



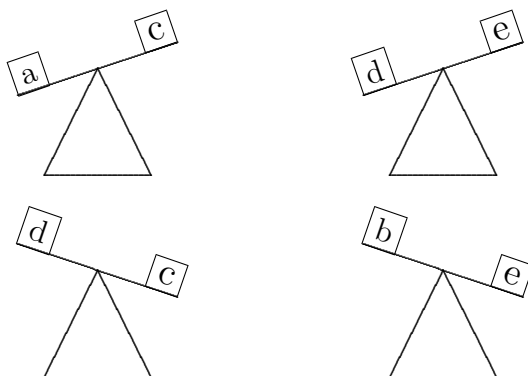
How many faces of these blocks are glued together?

- (A) 7 (B) 8 (C) 10 (D) 12 (E) 18

16. Which three Australian banknotes would you have if you had five of each and a total of \$400?

- (A) \$5, \$10, \$20 (B) \$5, \$10, \$50 (C) \$5, \$10, \$100
(D) \$5, \$20, \$50 (E) \$10, \$20, \$50

17. Use the diagram to find which of the boxes is the lightest.



- (A) a (B) b (C) c (D) d (E) e

18. Winnie is in the middle of a tuckshop queue. Jacob is three behind Winnie and has four people behind him. How many people are in the tuckshop queue?

- (A) 8 (B) 14 (C) 15 (D) 16 (E) 17

19. The distance between fenceposts is 5 metres. What is the number of fenceposts needed to build a fence around a triangular paddock with sides 25 m, 25 m and 30 m?

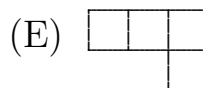
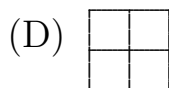
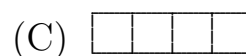
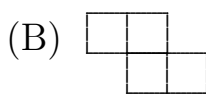
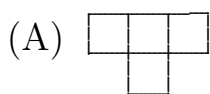
- (A) 13 (B) 15 (C) 16 (D) 17 (E) 19

20. Harold wrote down his Personal Identification Number (PIN) but it got smudged and all he can see on his note is 35●2. He remembers that the PIN was divisible by 2 but not by 4. Which of the following could be the missing digit?

- (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 5 (E) 7

Questions 21 to 25, 5 marks each

21. Which of the following shapes cannot be used to fill completely a 4×4 grid with no overlap?

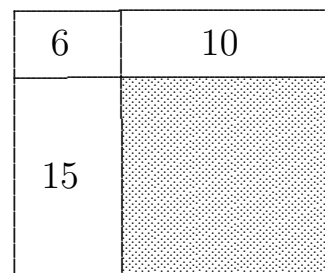


22. Jacqui starts from the year 2010 and counts down 7 at a time, giving the sequence 2010, 2003, 1996, 1989, ... A year that she will count is

- (A) 1786 (B) 1787 (C) 1788 (D) 1789 (E) 1790

23. A rectangle is divided into four smaller rectangles with areas in square centimetres as shown in the diagram. The area, in square centimetres, of the shaded rectangle is

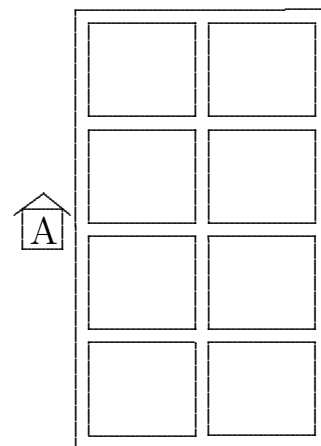
- (A) 21 (B) 25 (C) 30
(D) 31 (E) 32



24. Don went shopping to buy toilet paper. Which of the following gave the best value?

- (A) 2 rolls for \$2.15 (B) 1 roll for \$1.35 (C) 4 rolls for \$4.20
(D) 10 rolls for \$9.50 (E) 12 rolls for \$11.95

25. Andrew lives in a house at point A on the map shown. Each section of road between two consecutive intersections is 1 km. Andrew often goes out for a 6 km run, but likes to vary his route, though without running any section of road twice. How many different routes can he take? (The same route in an opposite direction does not count as different.)



- (A) 3 (B) 4 (C) 5 (D) 6 (E) 8

For questions 26 to 30, shade the answer as a whole number from 0 to 999 in the space provided on the answer sheet.

Question 26 is 6 marks, question 27 is 7 marks, question 28 is 8 marks, question 29 is 9 marks and question 30 is 10 marks.

26. If all the numbers from 1 to 2010 are written down, how many of these will have two or more zeros next to each other?

27. Alex and his family plan to travel from Australia to England and then to France. They will need to change their money for each country. 100 Australian dollars converts to 40 English pounds, for England. 100 English pounds converts to 80 euros, for France.

How many Australian dollars would be needed to get 120 euros?

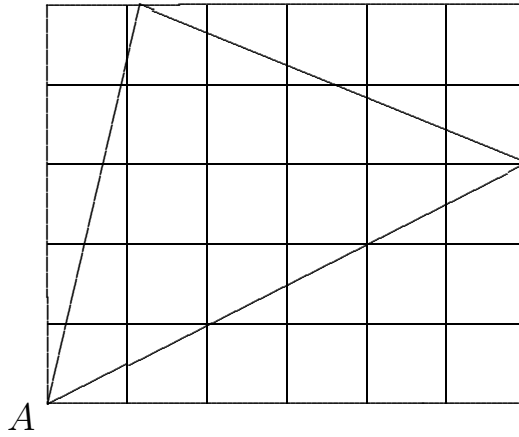
28. Five rectangles, each 12 cm long and of equal width, are placed together to form a single rectangle, still 12 cm long but 5 times as wide. The new rectangle has a perimeter twice as great as each of the original rectangles. What is the perimeter, in centimetres, of the new rectangle?

29. Consider this statement:

THIS IS ONE GREAT MATHS CHALLENGE

Every minute, the first letter of each word is moved to the other end of the word. In how many minutes will the original sentence appear back again?

30. Below is an example of a triangle drawn on a 6 by 5 grid with one vertex A on the bottom left-hand corner and the other two vertices on the top and right-hand boundaries.



What is the largest number of squares that can be cut by the sides of such a triangle?

